

SERVICE MANUAL

MODEL: HD9

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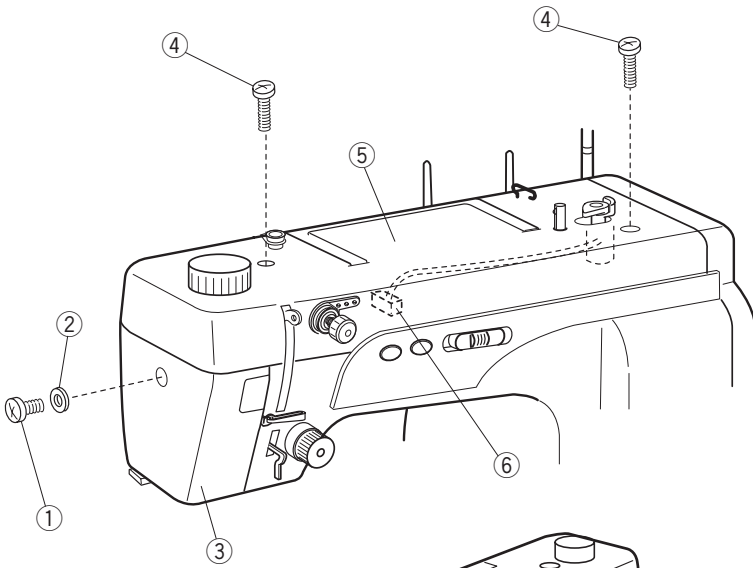
Replacing the Electronic Components

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Replacing the External Parts

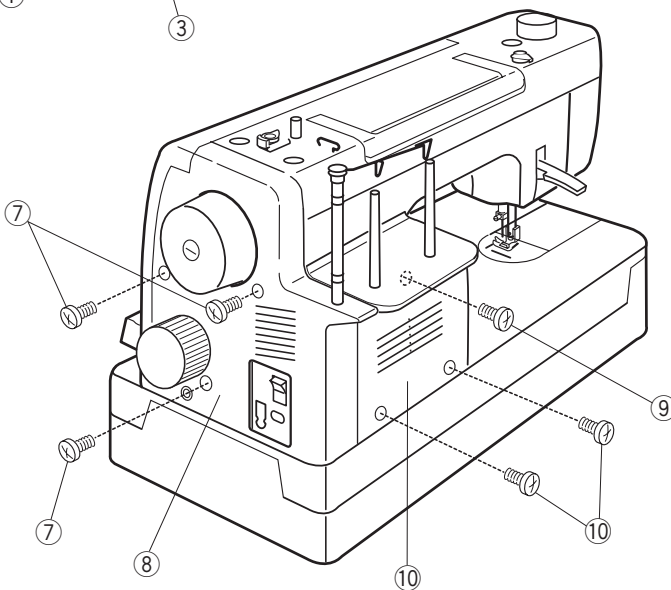


1. Face Plate

Remove the setscrew (4x10) ① and washer ②. Remove the face plate ③.

2. Top Cover

Remove the setscrews (4x25) ④. Lift the top cover ⑤ and pull out the motor connector ⑥. Remove the top cover.

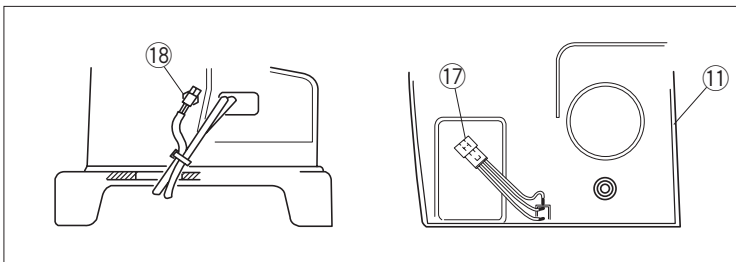


3. Belt Cover

Remove the 3 setscrews (4x12) ⑦ and the belt cover ⑧. Pull out the socket connector ⑰ from the printed circuit board UD connector ⑱.

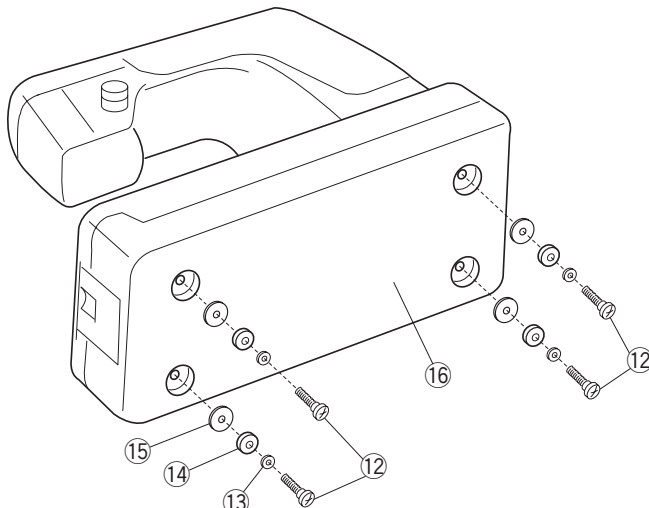
NOTE:

When attaching the belt cover, engage the hooks with the motor cover.



4. Motor Cover

Remove the 2 setscrews (4x16) ⑨, setscrew (4x12) ⑩ and remove the motor cover ⑪.



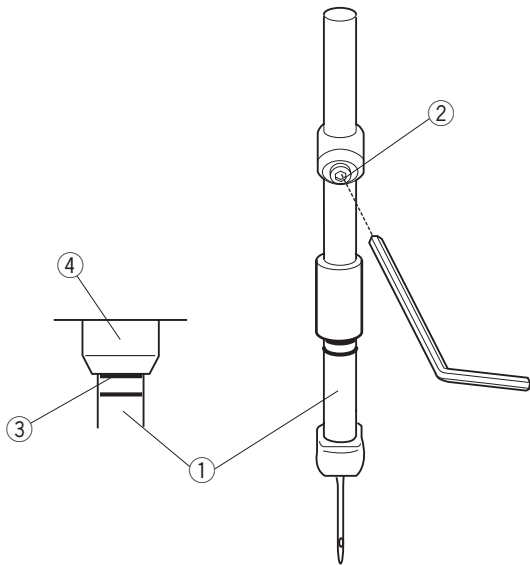
5. Base

Remove the 4 hinge screws ⑫, washers ⑬, rubber feet ⑭ and base washers ⑮. Remove the base ⑯.

To attach:

Follow the above procedures in reverse.

Mechanical Adjustment



1. Needle Bar Height

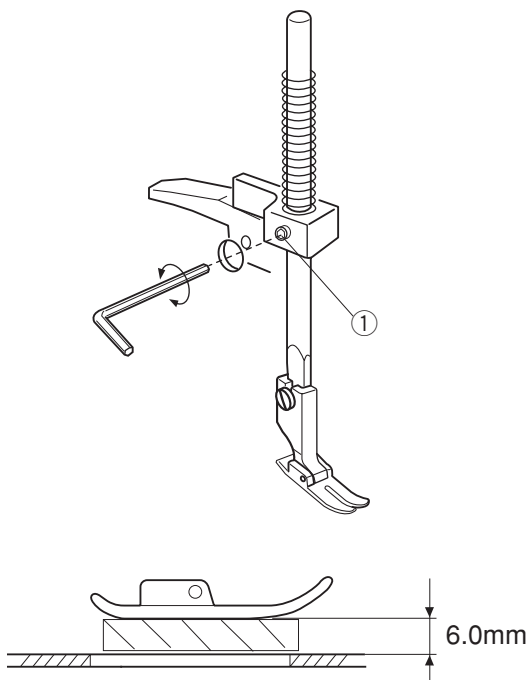
- 1 Remove the face plate.
- 2 Turn the handwheel to bring the needle bar ① to the lowest position.
- 3 Loosen the setscrew ②. Move the needle bar ① up or down and match the upper hairline ③ with the bottom edge of the needle bar bushing ④.

NOTE:

Be sure not to rotate the needle bar when adjusting the needle bar height. The needle clamp screw should be parallel to the upper shaft.

- 4 Tighten the setscrew and attach the face plate.

* The distance between the upper edge of the needle eye and the hook race will be in the range of 1.5 to 2.1 mm when the tip of the hook meets right side of the needle as the needle ascends 2.0mm from its lowest position when adjusted.



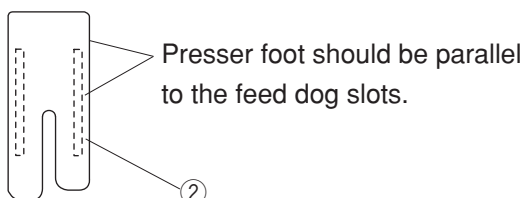
2. Presser Bar Height

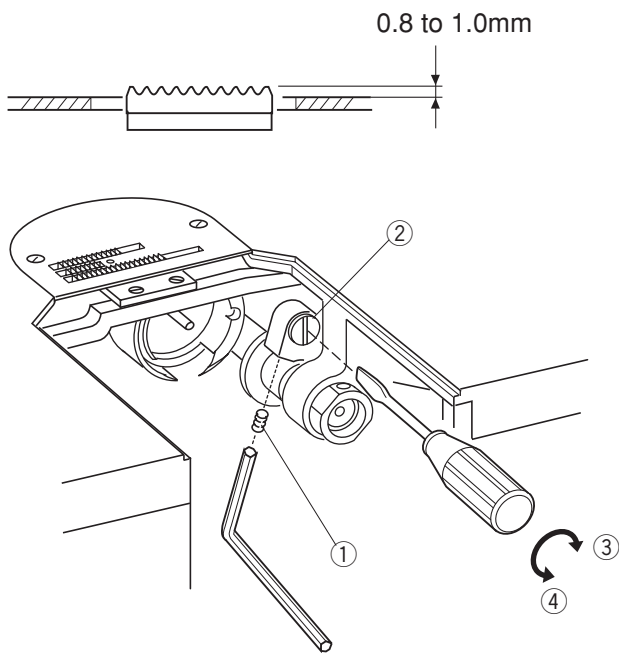
The distance between the bottom of the presser foot in up position and the needle plate should be 5.7 to 6.3 mm.

- 1 Remove the face plate and needle.
- 2 Lower the feed dog below the needle plate. Place a block 6 mm thick under the presser foot and lower the presser foot lifter.
- 3 Loosen the setscrew ①. Raise the presser foot lifter and tighten the setscrew ① firmly. Attach the needle and face plate.

NOTE:

Make sure that the presser foot should be parallel to the feed dog slots ② in the needle plate.



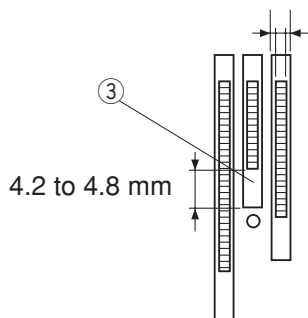


3. Feed Dog Height

When the feed dog is fully raised the height should be 0.8 to 1.0 mm above the needle plate.

- 1 Set the stitch length dial at 6 (Maximum).
Turn the handwheel to bring the feed dog to the highest position.
- 2 Loosen the setscrew ①.
- 3 Turn the eccentric pin ② to adjust the feed dog height to 0.9 mm.
 - If the feed dog is too low, turn the pin to the right ③.
 - If the feed dog is too high, turn the pin to the left ④.
- 4 Tighten the setscrew ①.

Lateral gaps should be even.

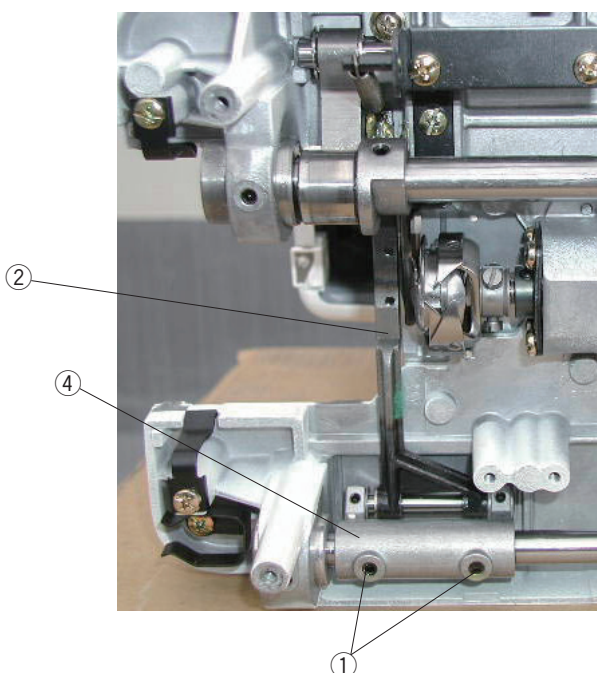


4. Feed Dog Alignment

The lateral gaps between both sides of feed dogs and needle plate slots should be even.

The clearance between the front end of the center feed dog and center slot should be 4.2 to 4.8 mm when the stitch length dial is set at 0.

- 1 Remove the base and lay the machine on its back.
- 2 Set the stitch length dial at 0.
- 3 Loosen the setscrews ①. Move the feed base ② up or down to adjust the clearance ③ between the front end of the center feed dog and center slot to 4.5 mm. Adjust the lateral position of the feed dogs by moving the feed rock shaft ④ to the right or left if necessary.
- 4 Tighten the setscrews ①. Set the stitch length dial at 6 and turn the handwheel to check if the feed dogs do not touch the needle plate.
- 5 Attach the base.



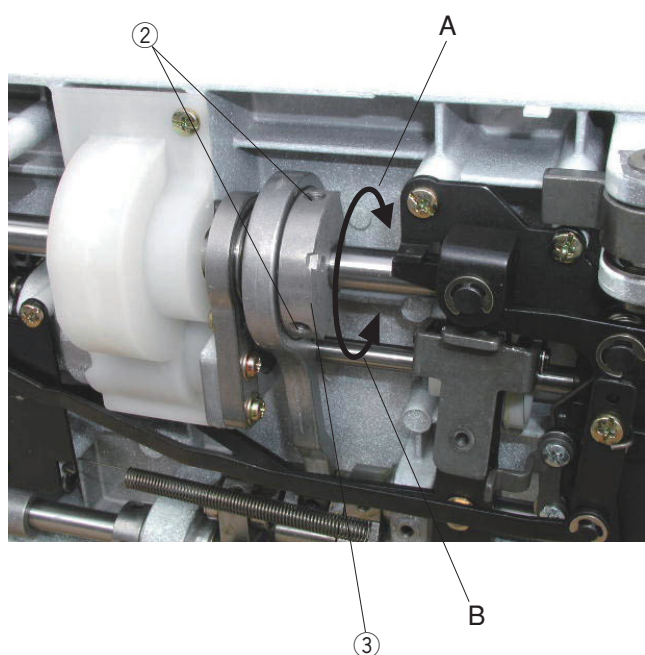
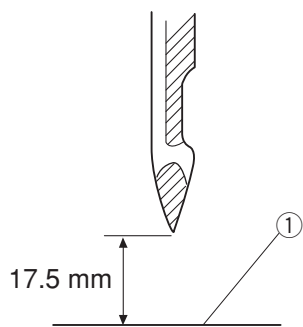
5. Feed Cam Timing

To Check:

- 1 Lower the needle bar by turning the handwheel until the point of the needle is 17.5 mm above the upper surface of the needle plate ①.
- 2 The feed dogs should not move when moving the reverse stitch lever up and down.
If the feed dogs move, adjust the feed cam timing as follows.

To Adjust:

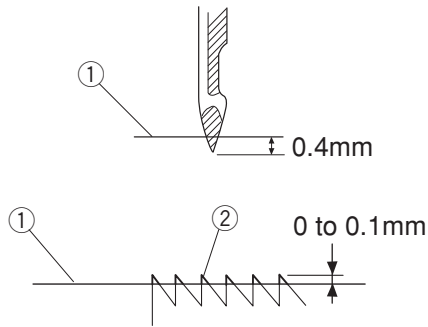
- 1 Remove the base and lay the machine on its back.
- 2 Lower the needle bar until the needle point is 17.5 mm above the needle plate ①.
- 3 Loosen the setscrews ②.
While moving the reverse stitch lever, turn the feed cam ③ in the direction either **A** or **B** until the feed dogs stop moving.
- 4 Tighten the setscrews ④ and attach the base.



6. Feed Lifting Cam Timing

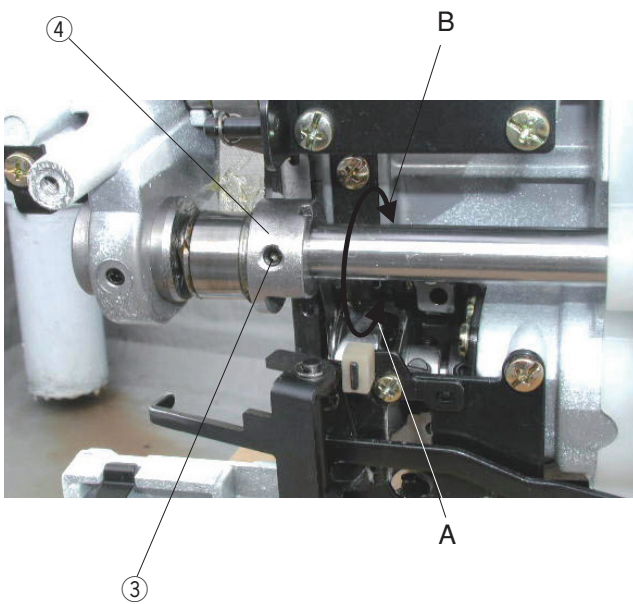
To check:

- 1 Lower the needle bar until the point of needle is 0.4 mm below the needle plate ①.
- 2 The top of the feed dogs ② should be 0 to 0.1 mm above the needle plate.



To adjust:

- 1 Remove the base and lay the machine on its back.
- 2 Lower the needle bar until the needle point is 0.4 mm below the needle plate ①.
- 3 Loosen the setscrew ③.
- 4 If the feed dogs are higher, turn the feed lifting cam ④ in the direction **A**.
If the feed dogs are lower, turn the feed lifting cam ④ in the direction **B**.
- 5 Tighten the setscrew e and attach the base.



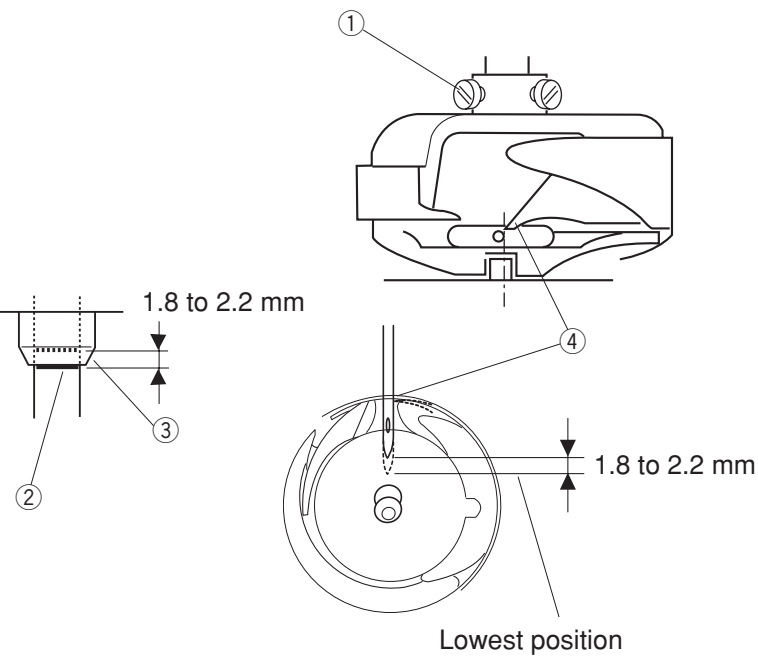
7. Needle to Hook Timing

- 1 Remove the needle plate.
- 2 Loosen the 3 setscrews ①. Pull out the hook race very slightly (less than 0.5 mm).
- 3 Raise the needle bar from the lowest position until the lower hairline ② of the needle bar matches the edge of the needle bar bushing ③.

NOTE:

The needle bar rises 2 mm from the lowest position.

- 4 Rotate the hook to match the hook point ④ with the right side of the needle.
- 5 Tighten the setscrews ① slightly and proceed with the adjustment of the clearance between the needle and hook point.



8. Clearance Between Needle and Hook Point

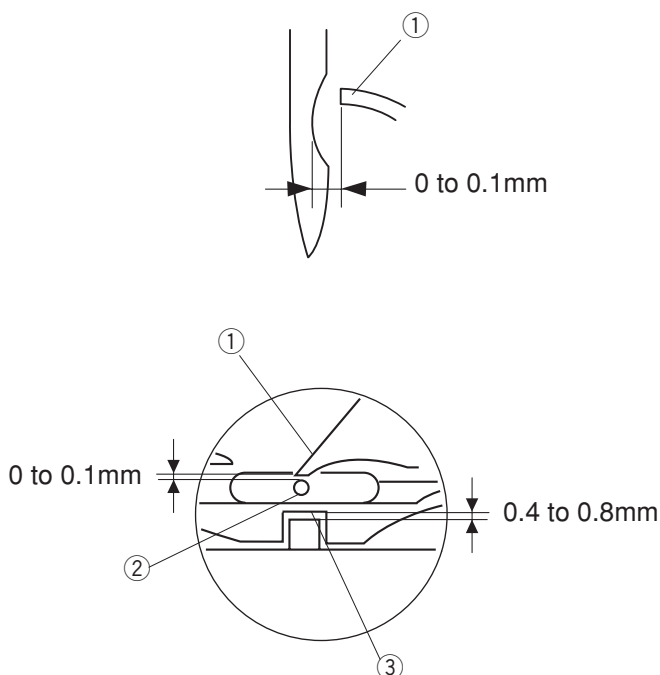
The clearance between the needle and hook point should be 0 to 0.1 mm.

- 1 Turn the handwheel to bring the hook point ① behind the needle ②.
- 2 Knock on the hook race rim lightly to make a slight clearance between the needle and hook point.

NOTE:

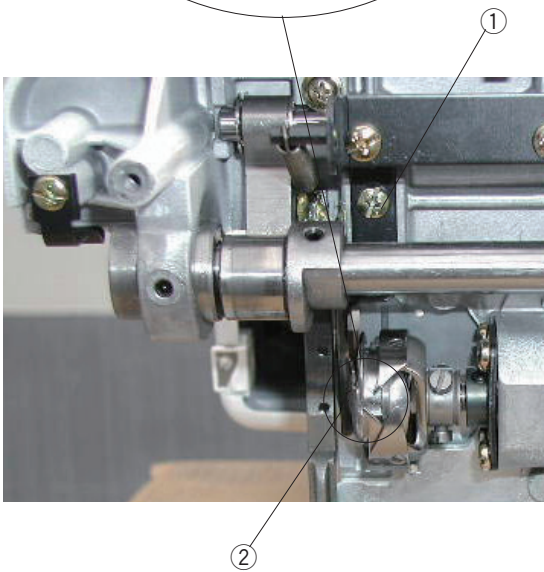
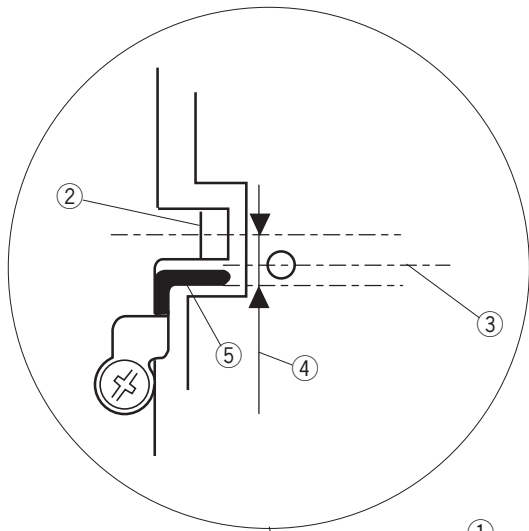
Do not knock on the hook body.

- 3 Tighten the setscrews firmly and check the needle to hook timing and the thread path ③ (0.4 to 0.8 mm).
- 4 Attach the needle plate.



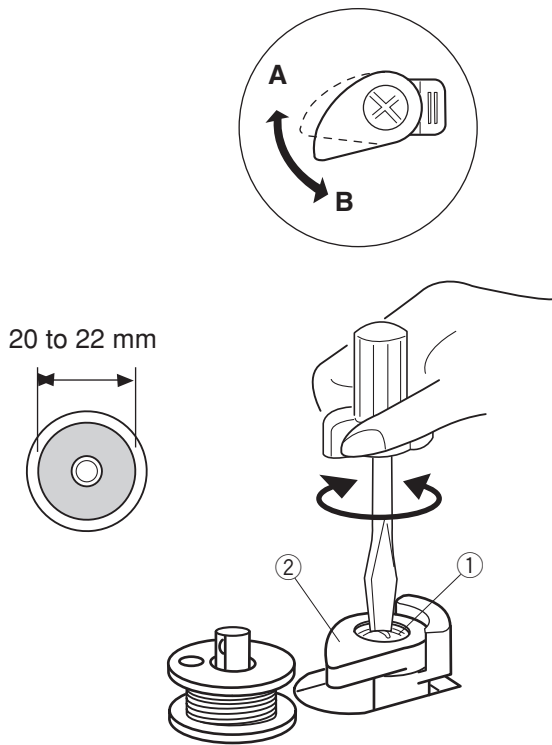
9. Hook Stopper Position

- 1 Remove the needle plate, base and feed dog.
- 2 Loosen the setscrew ① and move the hook stopper ② so that the center of the needle ③ is located between the center of the hook stopper ④ and outer side of the hook stopper spring ⑤.
- 3 Tighten the setscrew ① and attach the needle plate and base.



10. Bobbin Winder Stopper

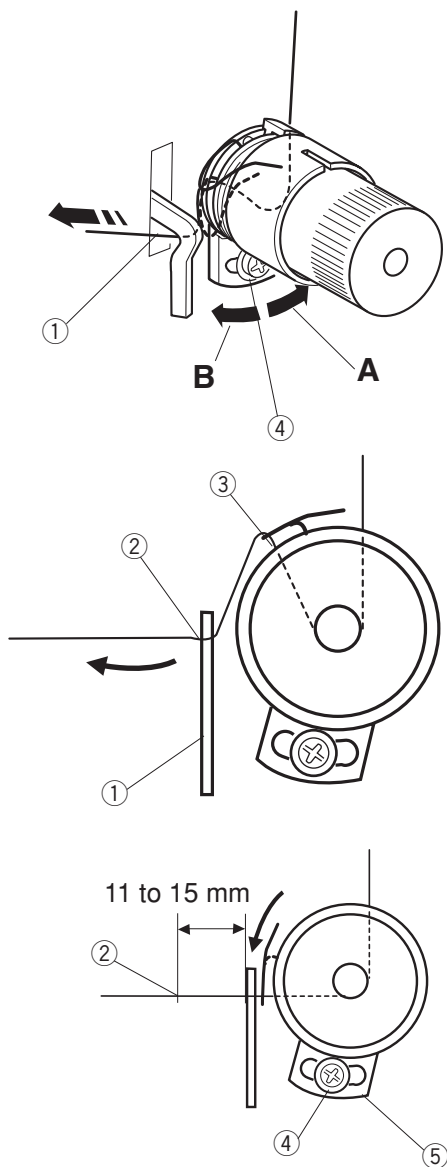
The amount of thread wound on the bobbin should be 20 to 22 mm in diameter.



1 Loosen the setscrew ①. Turn the bobbin winder stopper ② to adjust the thread amount.

- If the amount is too much, turn the stopper in the direction **A**.
- If the amount is not enough, turn the stopper in the direction **B**.

2 Tighten the setscrew ① firmly.



11. Check Spring Stroke

The amount of the needle thread supplied by the check spring should be 11 to 15 mm.

- 1 Thread the machine up to the thread guide ① and lower the presser foot.
Lower the needle bar to the lowest position.

- 2 Hold the thread end and mark the point ② on the thread beside the thread guide.

NOTE:

There should be no slack in the thread.

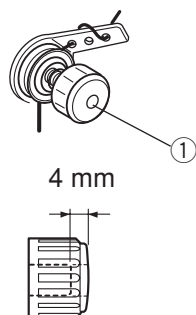
- 3 Pull the thread gently to the left until it stops (the check spring ③ went full stroke).

- 4 Measure the length of thread drawn out.

- 5 Loosen the setscrew ④ and move the tension dial guide ⑤ to adjust the stroke.

- If the length is too long, turn the guide in the direction **A**.
- If the length is too short, turn the guide in the direction **B**.

- 6 Tighten the setscrew ④.



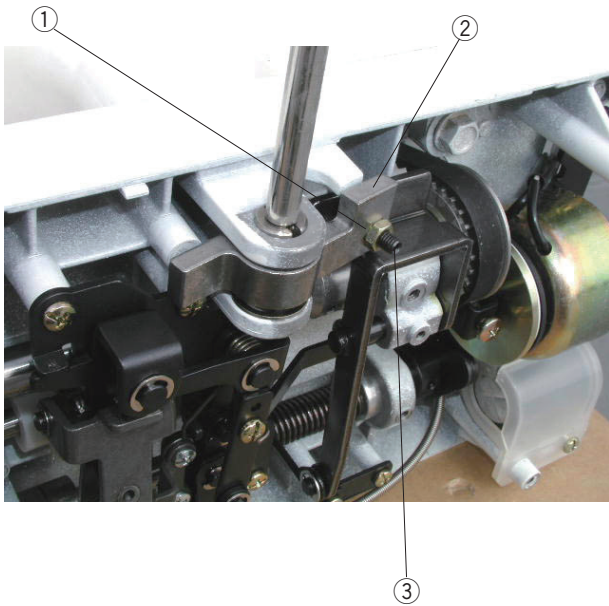
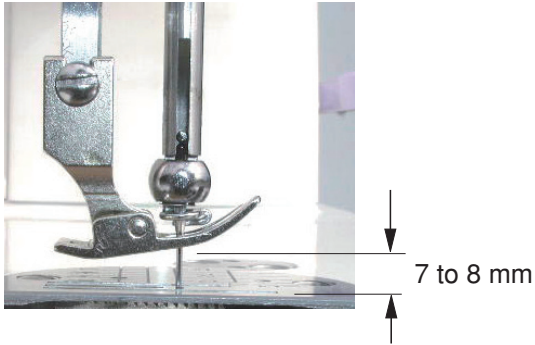
12. Pre-tension Dial

The standard position of the pre-tension dial is as follows:

The screw head ① sinks 4 mm below the dial face.

13. Knee Lifter Lever

The presser foot rises 7 to 8 mm when it is fully raised with the knee lifter.



① Remove the base and lay the machine on its back.

② Loosen the nut ① on the knee lifter lever ② slightly and turn the adjusting screw ③ to adjust the height.

- If it is lower than 7 to 8 mm, turn the adjusting screw ③ clockwise.

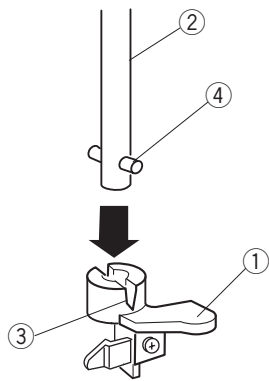
- If it is higher than 7 to 8 mm, turn the adjusting screw ③ counterclockwise.

③ Tighten the nut ① firmly and attach the base.

NOTE:

Lower the needle bar to the lowest position and check if the needle clamp does not hit against the presser foot when it is fully raised.

14. Needle Threader

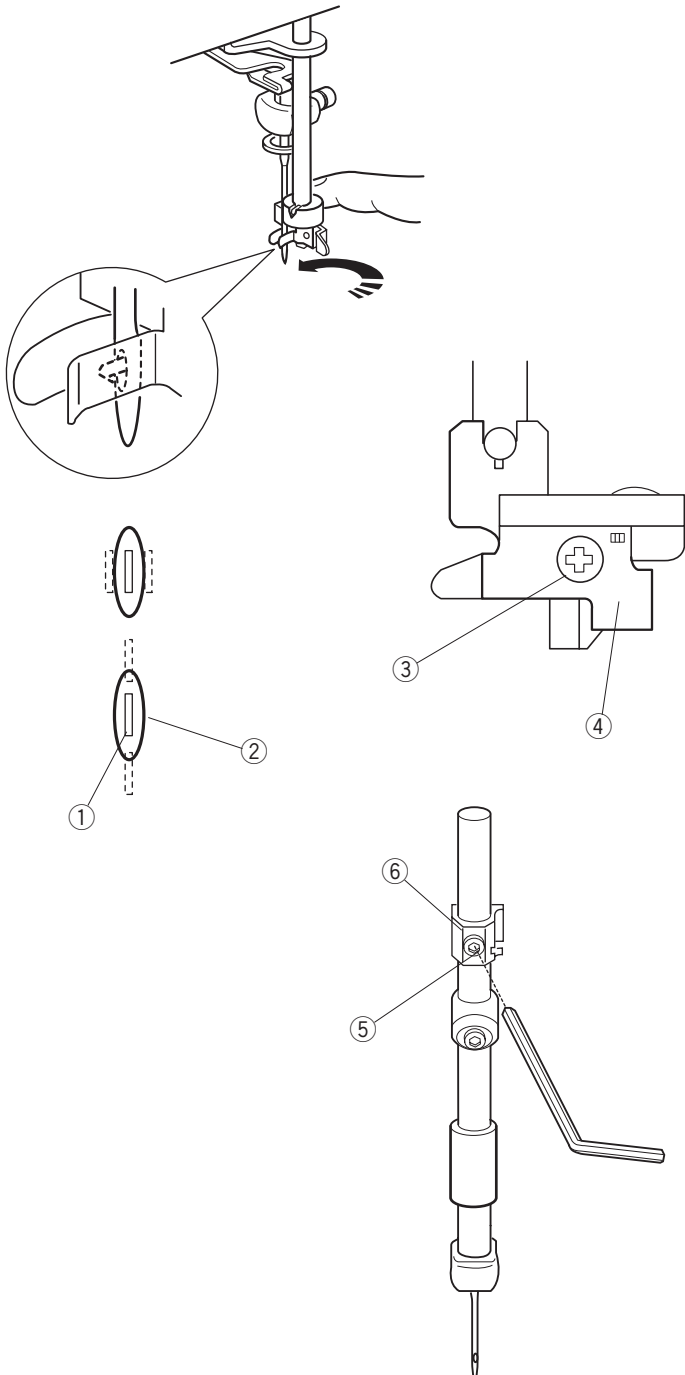


To remove:

- 1 Remove the face plate.
- 2 Pull the threader ① out from the threader shaft ②.

To attach:

- 3 Align the groove ③ of the threader with the pin ④ on the threader shaft. Push the threader up until it snaps in place.



To adjust:

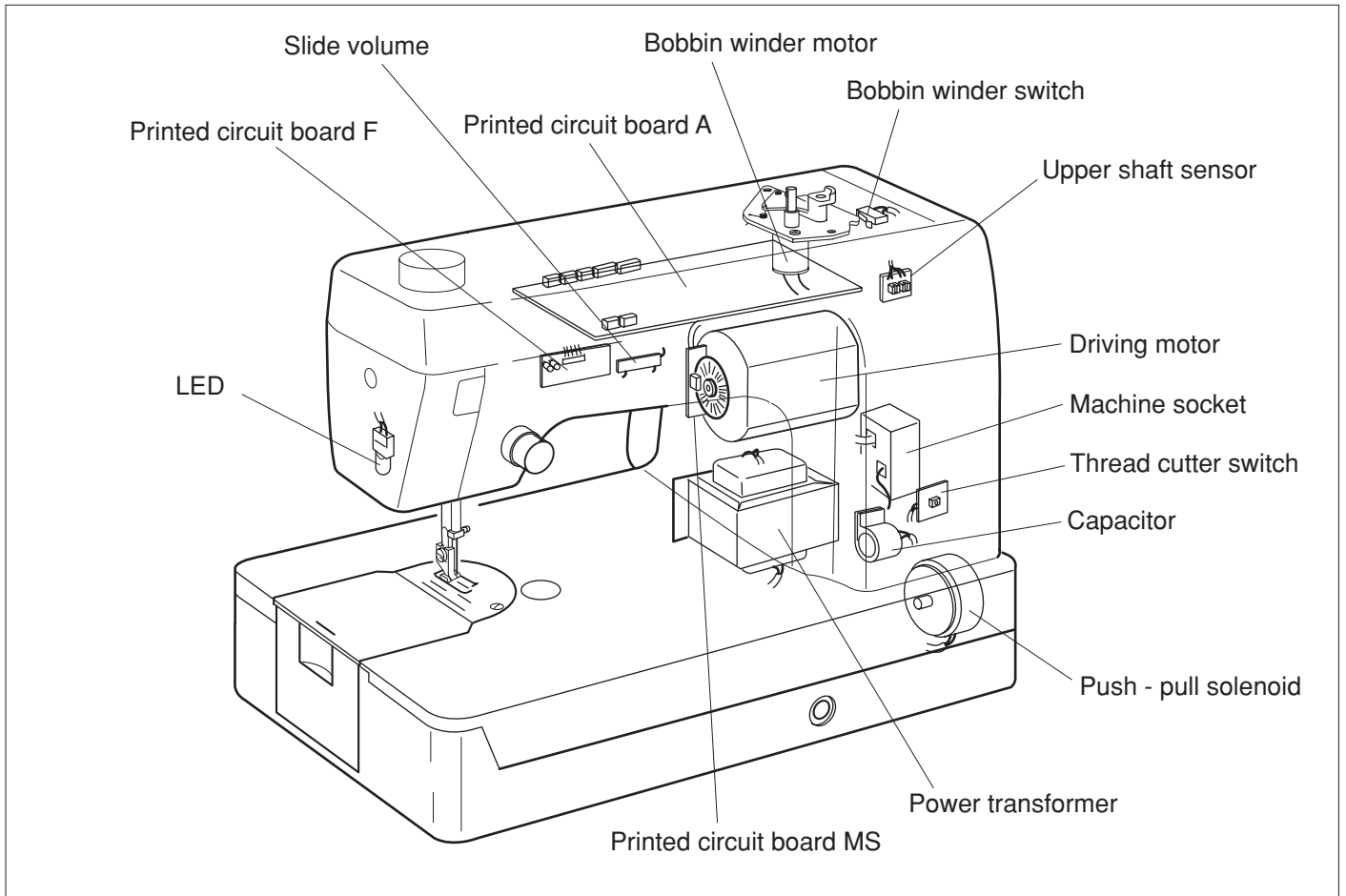
- 1 If the threader hook ① thrusts or hits against either left or right edge of the needle eye ②:

Loosen the setscrew ③. Move the threader plate ④ to adjust the lateral position of the threader hook ①.
- 2 If the threader hook ① thrusts or hits against either top or bottom edge of the needle eye ②, or misses the needle eye ②:

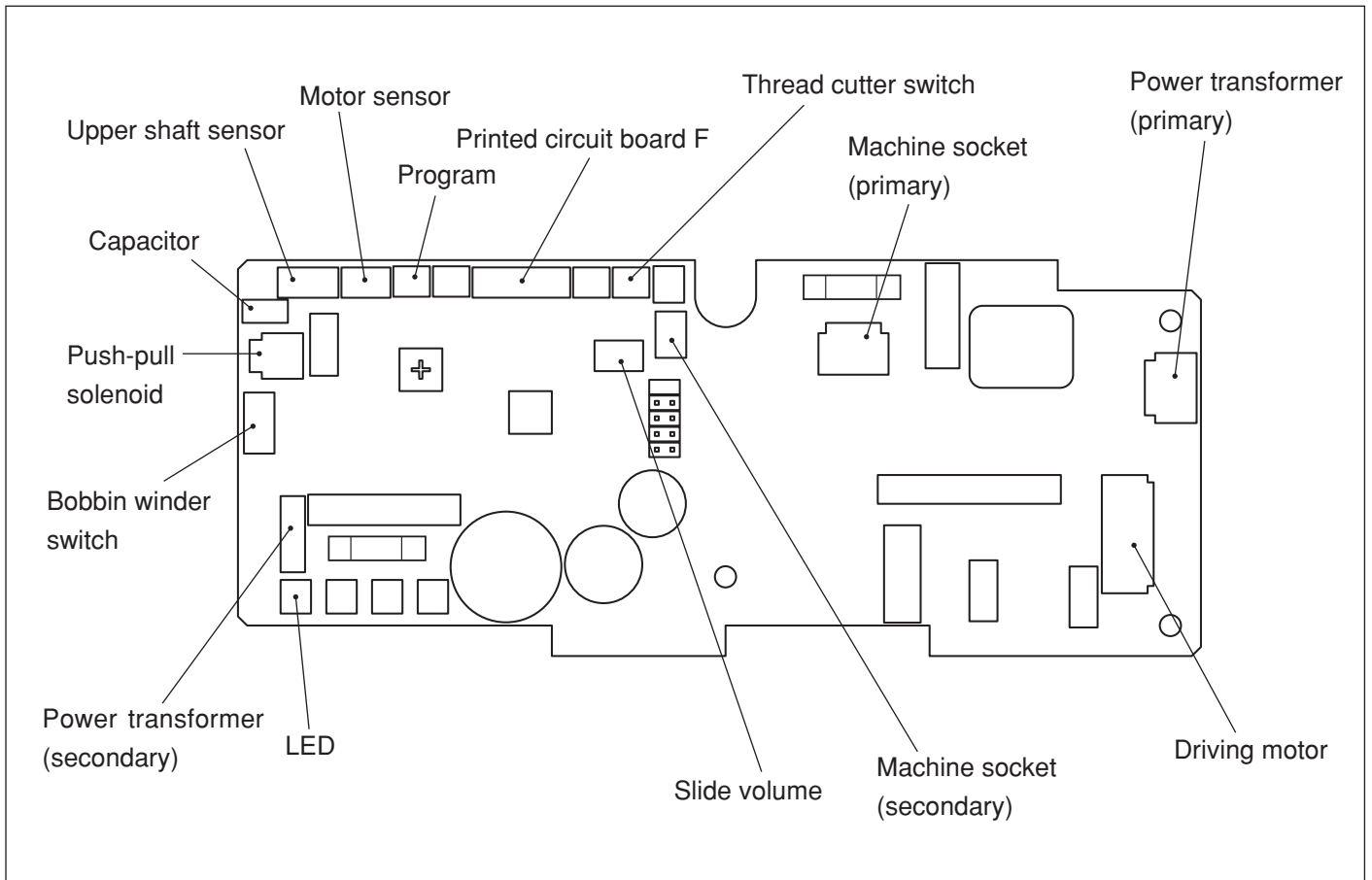
Loosen the setscrew ⑤. Move the threader position setting plate ⑥ up or down to adjust the vertical position of the threader hook ①.

Replacing the Electronic Components

1. Location of the Electronic Components



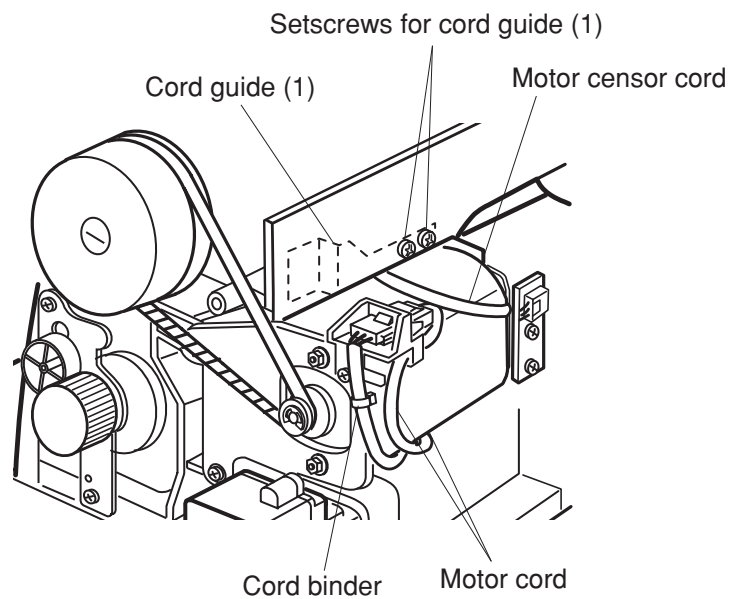
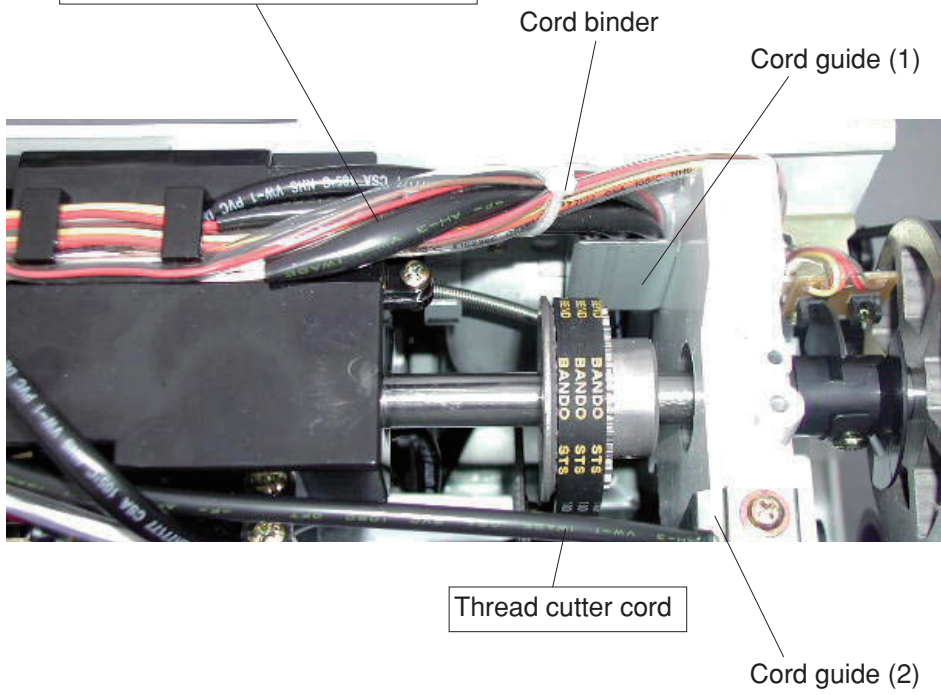
2. Location of the Connectors



3. Internal Wiring

To prevent the internal wirings from contacting the moving parts or being caught in the joint of the external parts, the internal wirings should properly be routed and secured as illustrated.

- Motor cord
- Motor sensor cord
- Machine socket cord (primary)
- Machine socket cord (secondary)
- Push-pull solenoid cord
- Capacitor cord



4. Circuit Board-A

To remove:

- 1 Remove the top cover.
- 2 Pull out connectors from the printed circuit board A. Remove the cords from the cord clips 1.
- 3 Remove the setscrews 2 and the printed circuit board A case 3.
- 4 Pull out the connectors under the case lid. Remove setscrews 4 and printed circuit board A.

To attach:

Install the printed circuit board A and secure it with the setscrews 4.

- 5 Insert the following connectors:
 - 5 Machine socket (primary)
 - 6 Power transformer (primary)
 - 7 Driving motor
- 6 Attach the printed circuit board A case 3 and secure it with the setscrews 2.
- 7 Insert the remaining connectors and secure the cords with the cord clips 1 on the case lid.
- 8 Attach the top cover.

NOTE:

Do not disconnect the connectors by pulling on cord. To disconnect, grasp the connector, not the cord.

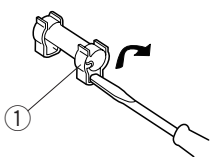
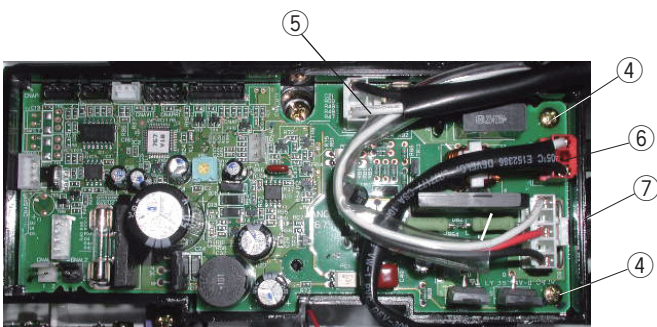
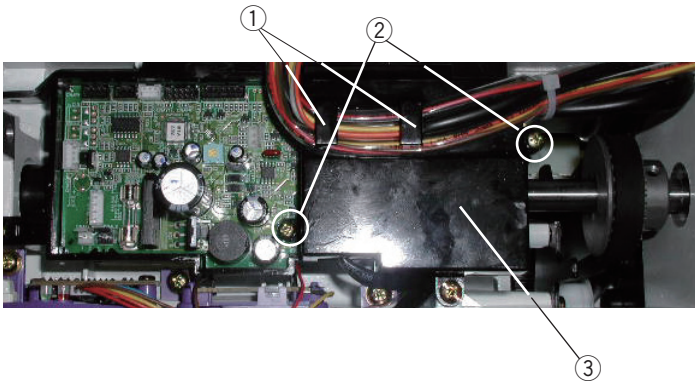
Changing the Fuse

- 1 Remove the Fuse from Fuse clip 1 with a screw driver.
- 2 Insert a new fuse and push it down into the fuse clip.

NOTE:

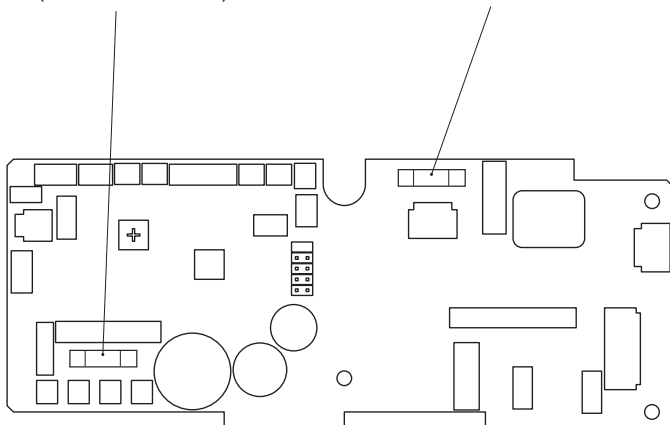
Replace the fuse with the same type and rating. If there is any trace of burning, browning or other abnormalities on the printed circuit board A, replace it.

Fuse	Manufacture	Type
F1	SOC	ET-3.15A-250V
F2	SOC	ET-3.15A-250V

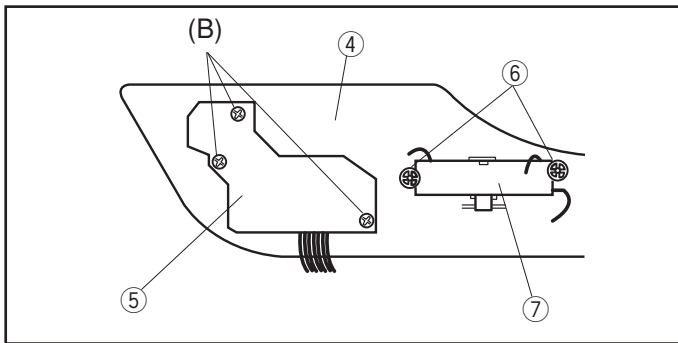
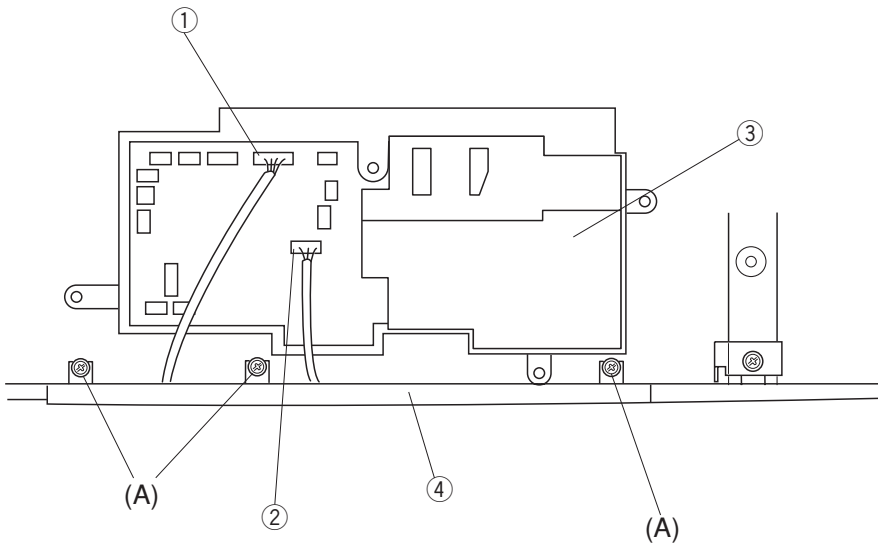


F1 Fuse
(AC250V 3.15A)

F2 Fuse
(AC250V 3.15A)



5. Circuit Board-F and Slide Volume



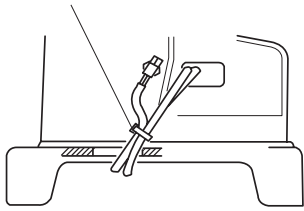
To remove:

- 1 Removed the top cover.
- 2 Pull out the printed circuit board F connector ①, slide volume connector ② from the printed circuit board A ③.
- 3 Loosen the 3 setscrew (A). Remove the ornamental panel ④.
- 4 Remove the 3 setscrews (B) and remove the printed circuit board F ⑤ from the panel.
- 5 Remove the 2 CS-rings ⑥ and slide volume ⑦.

To attach:

Follow the above procedure in reverse.

Cord binder



6.To Replace the Printed Circuit Board UD

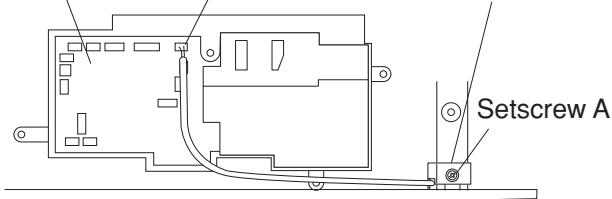
To remove:

- 1 Remove the top cover, belt cover and base.
- 2 Remove the cord binder below the handwheel.
- 3 Disconnect the connector of the thread cutter from the printed circuit board A.
Remove the setscrew A and cord guide.
- 4 Remove the setscrew B and the thread cutter button unit.
Replace the printed circuit board UD.

Printed circuit board A

Connector

Cord guide

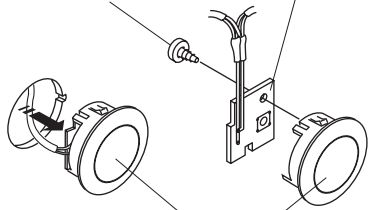


To attach:

Follow the procedure above in reverse.

Printed circuit board UD

Setscrew B



Thread cutter button unit

7. Driving Motor

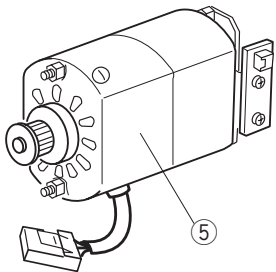
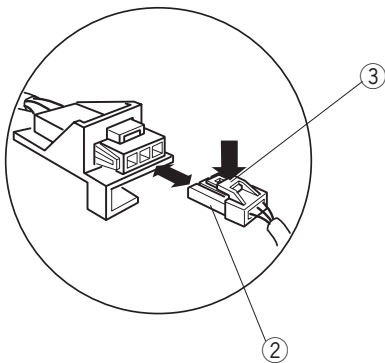
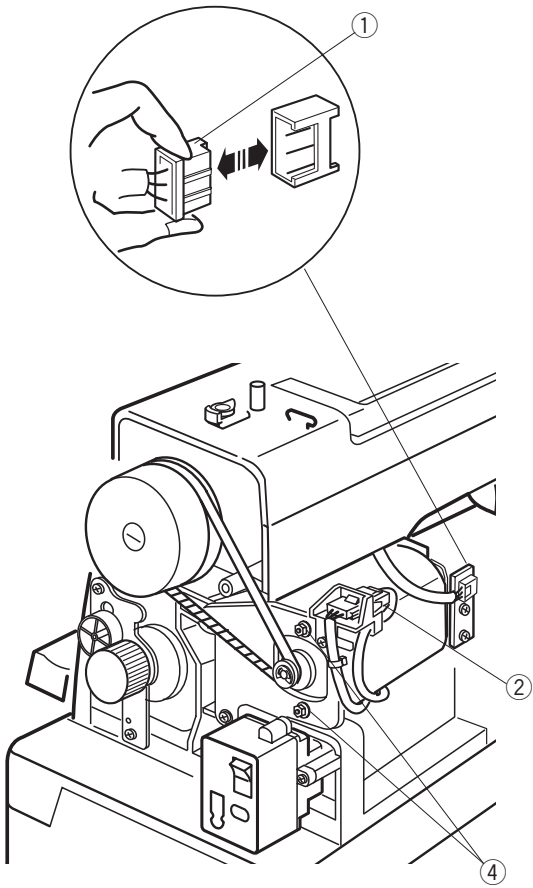
To remove:

- 1 Remove the belt cover and motor cover.
- 2 Pull out the motor sensor connector ①.
- 3 Pull out the motor connector ②, while pushing the connector lock ③.
- 4 Remove the nuts ④ and driving motor ⑤.

NOTE:

Do not disconnect the connectors by pulling on cord.
To disconnect, grasp the connector, not the cord.

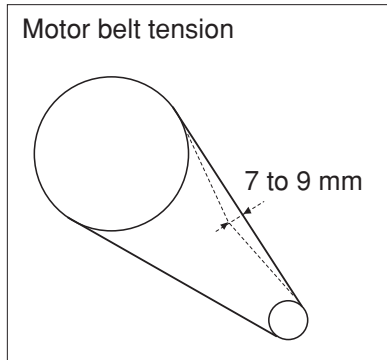
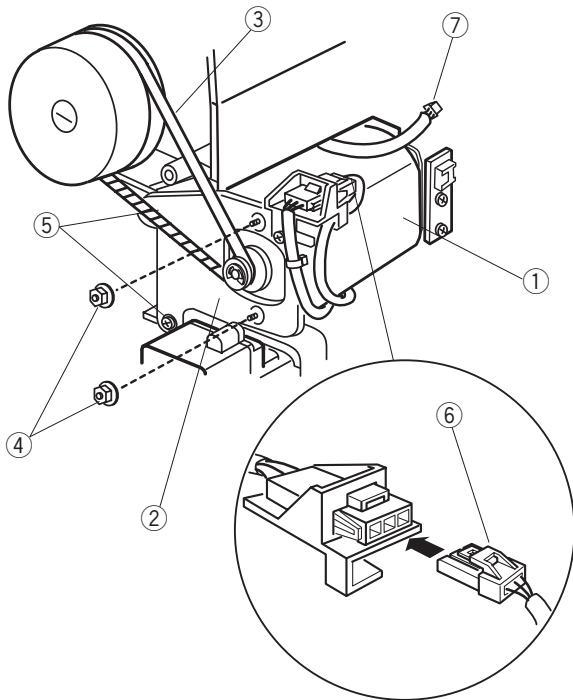
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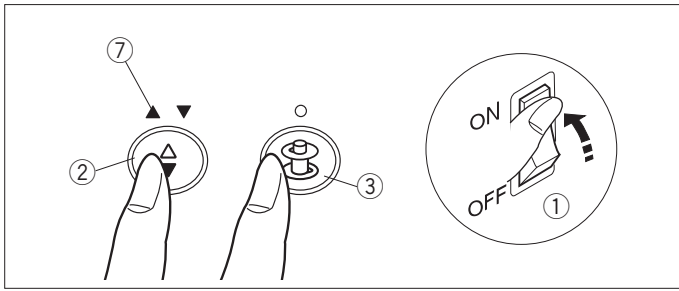
8. Driving Motor (continued)

To attach:

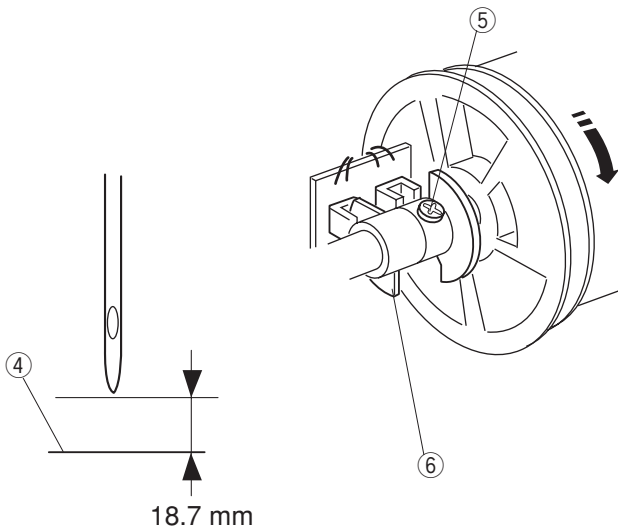
- 1 Install the driving motor ① to the motor bracket ② and attach the motor belt ③. Tighten the nuts ④ firmly.
- 2 Loosen the setscrews ⑤ slightly and move the motor up or down to adjust the motor belt tension. The belt should deflect 7 to 9 mm when applying 300 grams of load to the middle of the belt. Tighten the setscrews ⑤ firmly.
- 3 Insert the motor connector ⑥ and motor sensor connector ⑦.
- 4 Attach the motor cover and belt cover.



9. Needle Stop Position



- 1 Turn the power switch ① on while pressing the Up/Down needle position button ② and bobbin winding button ③ at the same time.
- 2 Remove the top cover.
- 3 Lower the needle bar by turning the handwheel until the needle point is 18.7 mm above the upper surface of the needle plate ④.



- 4 Loosen the setscrew ⑤. Rotate the upper shaft shielding plate ⑥ toward you until the green LED ⑦ turns on.
- 5 Tighten the setscrew ⑤ and turn the power switch off.
- 6 Attach the top cover.

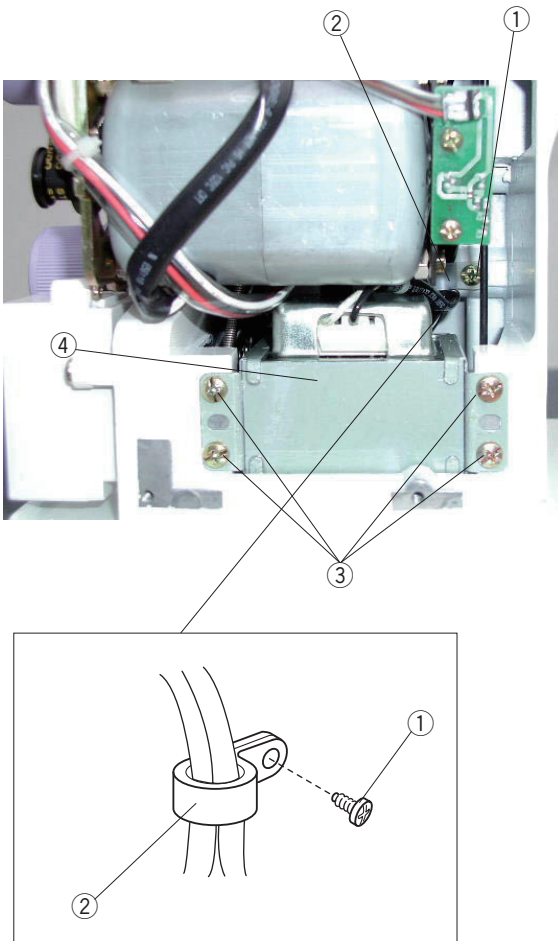
10. Power Transformer

To remove:

- 1 Remove the top cover and motor cover.
- 2 Remove the printed circuit board A case and pull out the transformer connectors (primary and secondary) from the printed circuit board A.
- 3 Remove the driving motor.
- 4 Remove the setscrew ① and cord binder ②.
- 5 Remove the setscrews ③ and transformer ④.

To attach:

Follow the procedure above in reverse.



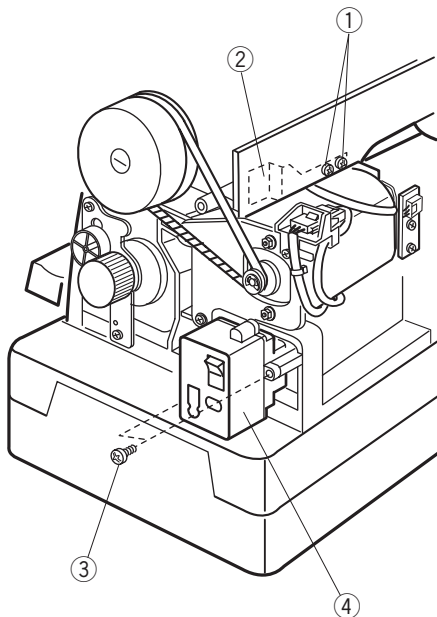
11. Machine Socket

To remove:

- 1 Remove the top cover, belt cover and motor cover.
- 2 Remove the printed circuit board A case and pull out the machine socket connectors (primary and secondary) from the printed circuit board A.
- 3 Remove the setscrews ① and cord guide (1) ②.
- 4 Remove the setscrews ③ and machine socket ④.

To attach:

Follow the above procedure in reverse.



12. LED and Printed circuit board UD1

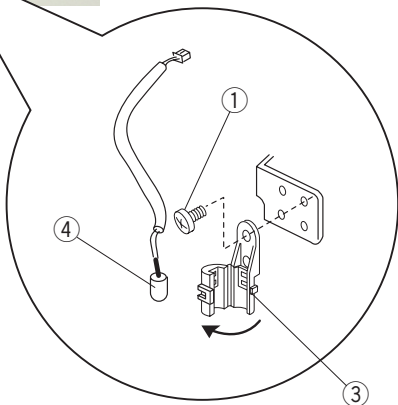
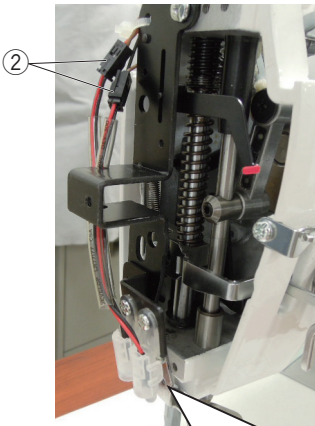
LED

To replace:

- 1 Remove the face plate and top cover.
- 2 Remove the setscrew ①.
- 3 Pull out the connectors ②.
- 4 Open the LED holder ③ and remove the LED ④.

To attach:

Follow the procedure above in reverse.



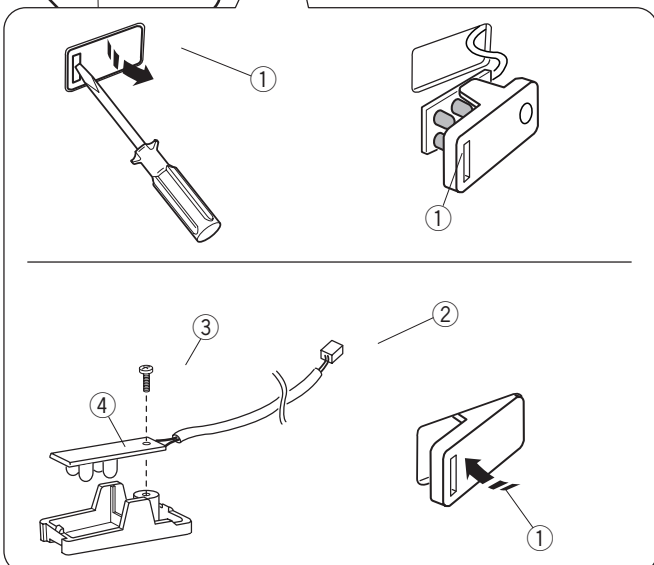
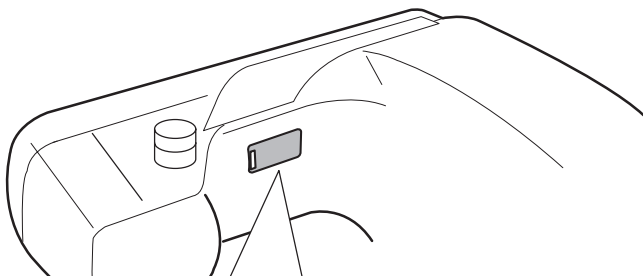
Printed circuit board UD1:

To replace:

- 1 Remove the face plate and top cover.
- 2 Remove the lamp cover ①.
- 3 Pull out the connector ②.
- 4 Remove the setscrew ③ and remove the printed circuit board LD1 ④.

To attach:

Follow the procedure above in reverse.



Adjustment of the Thread Cutter Mechanism

1. Thread Cutter Blade

To replace:

- 1 Remove the needle plate and base.
- 2 Remove the static cutter blade. Remove the hinge screw 1 and thread cutter blade 2.
- 3 Attach the new thread cutter blade and secure it with the hinge screw 3.

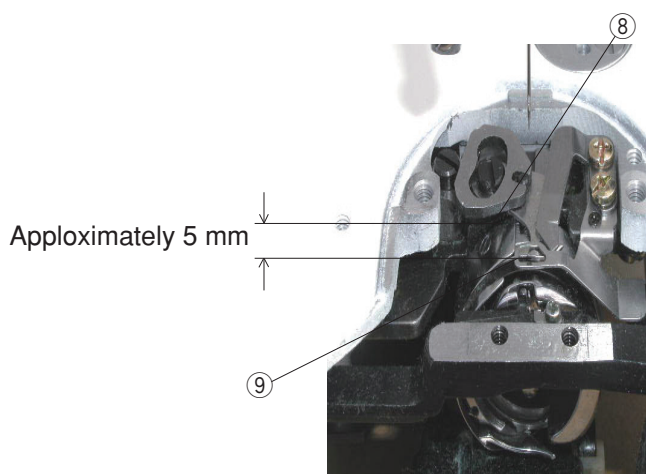
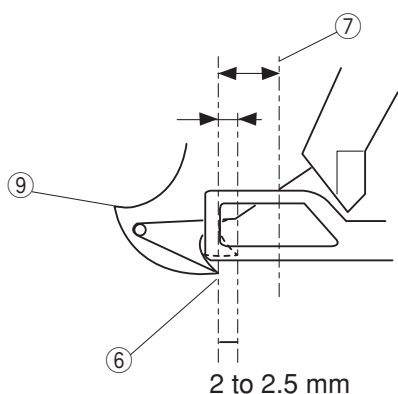
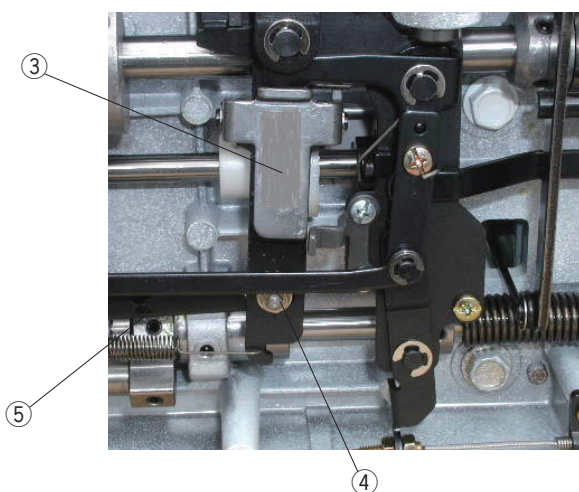
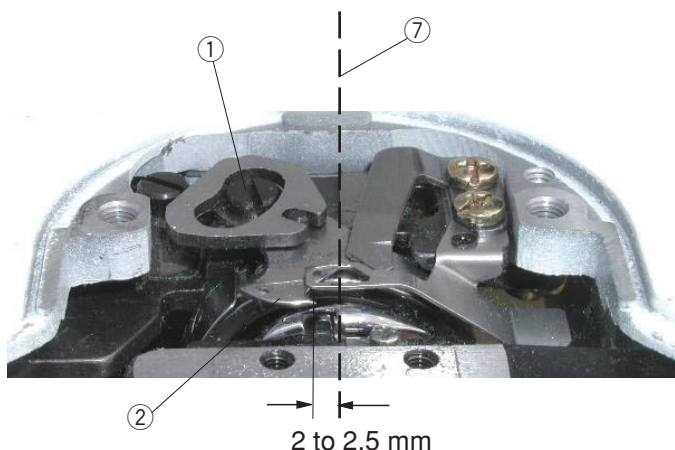
Attach the static cutter blade and adjust the position of the static cutter blade and thread cutter blade.

To adjust:

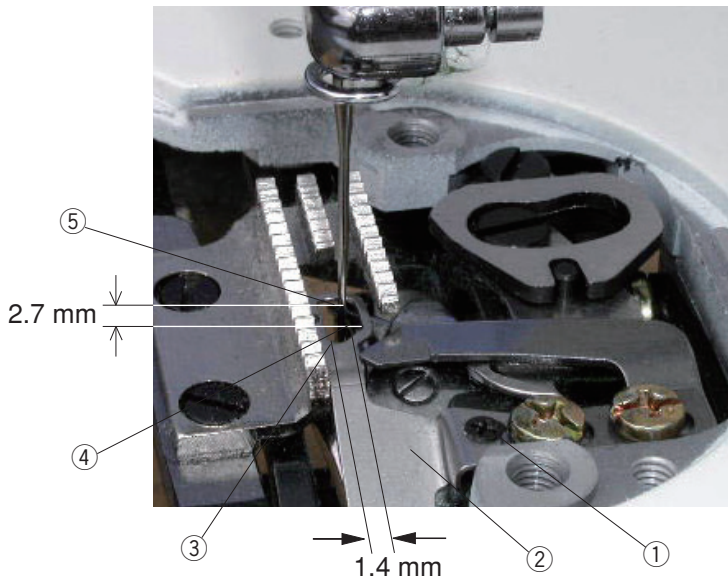
- 1 Remove the needle plate and base.
- 2 Lower the needle bar to the lowest position. Turn the handwheel toward you while pushing up the link body 3 to engage the thread cutter blade and bring it 2 to the end of the stroke.
- 3 Loosen the nut 4 and move the thread cutter link 5 to the left or right to adjust the position of the thread cutter blade. The point 6 of the thread cutter blade should be 2 to 2.5 mm from the center of the needle drop position 7.
- 4 Tighten the nut 4. Attach the needle plate and base.

NOTE:

Check if there is approximately 5 mm distance between the tail of the hook wing 8 and the end point 9 of the thread cutter blade when the end point 9 of the thread cutter blade is aligned with the center of the needle drop position 7.



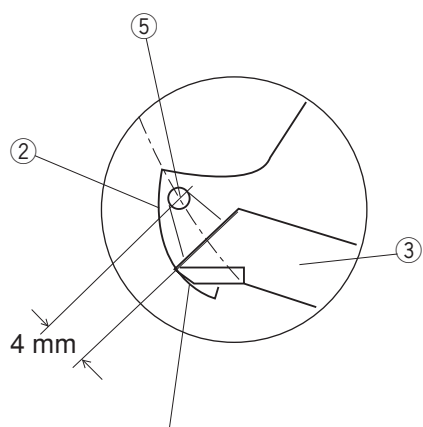
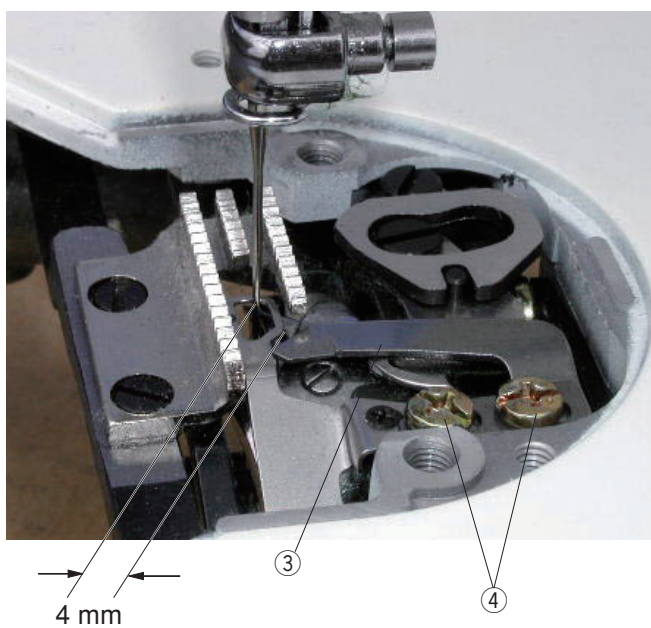
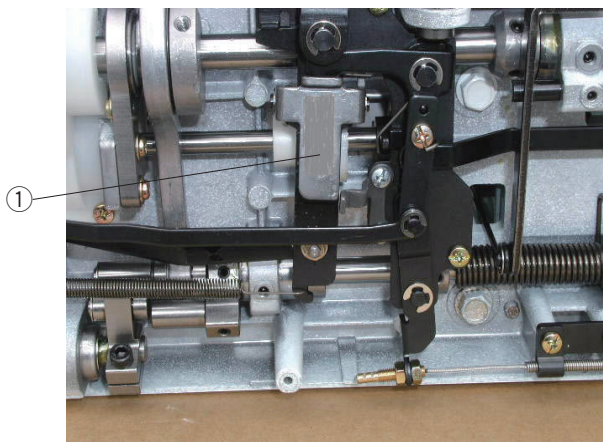
2. Thread Guide Plate



- 1 Remove the needle plate.
- 2 Loosen the flat screw ① and adjust the position of the thread guide plate ②.
- 3 The left inner edge ③ of the thread guide plate should be approximately 1.4 mm from the center of the needle drop position ④ and the back inner edge ⑤ of the thread guide plate should be approximately 2.7 mm from the center of the needle drop position ④.
- 4 Tighten the flat screw firmly. Attach the needle plate.

3. Static Cutter Blade

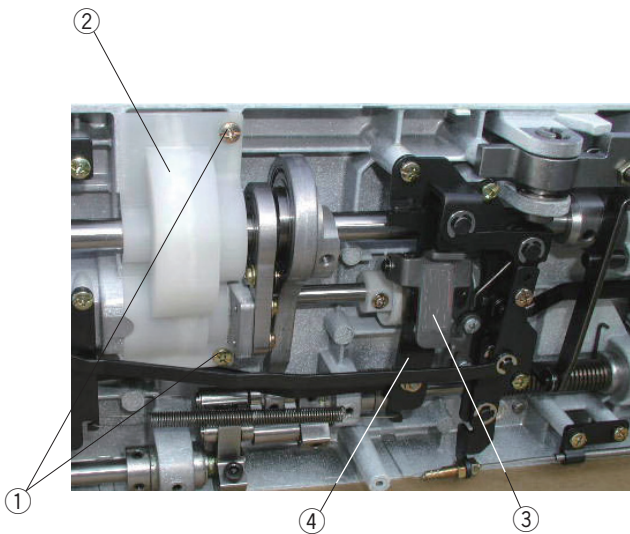
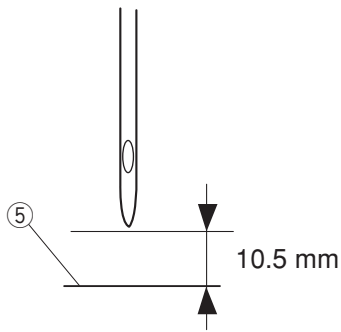
- 1 Remove the needle plate and base.
- 2 Lower the needle bar to the lowest position.
Turn the handwheel toward you while pushing up the link body ① to engage the thread cutter blade ② and bring it under the static blade ③.
- 3 Loosen the setscrews ④ and adjust the position of the static cutter blade ③ so that the distance between the center of the needle drop position ⑤ and the static cutter blade ③ is 4 mm and the left edges of the static blade and thread cutter blade are aligned.
- 4 Tighten the setscrews ④. Attach the needle plate and base.



Align the left edges of the thread cutter blade and the static cutter blade.

4. Needle to Cutter Cam Timing

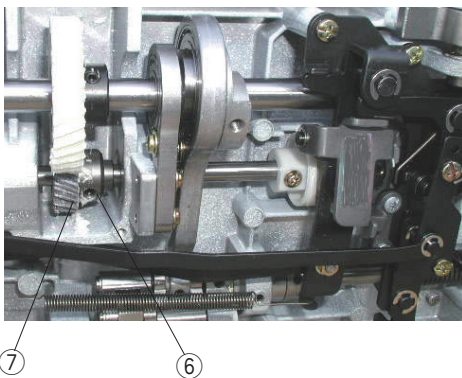
- 1 Remove the base.
- 2 Remove the setscrews ① and gear cover ②.
- 3 Lower the needle bar to the lowest position. Turn the handwheel toward you to raise the needle bar while pushing up the link body ③.
- 4 Continue to turn the handwheel until the thread drawing arm ④ starts to move to the right. The needle point should be 10.5 mm above the upper surface of the needle plate ⑤ when the thread drawing arm starts to move.



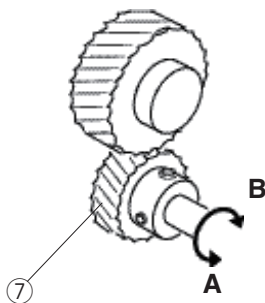
- 5 Loosen the setscrews ⑥ and turn the hook shaft gear ⑦ to adjust the timing.
- If the needle point is too high, turn the hook shaft gear in the direction **A**.
 - If the needle point is too low, turn the hook shaft gear in the direction **B**.

NOTES:

Hold the hook so that it will not rotate when turning the hook shaft gear.
Check the needle to hook timing and adjust it if necessary.

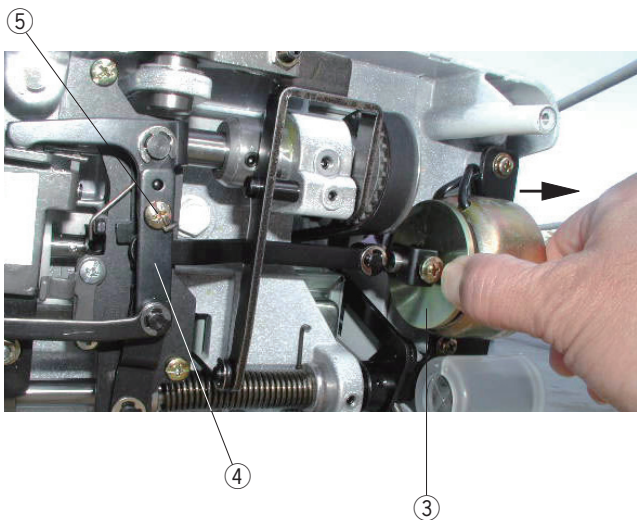
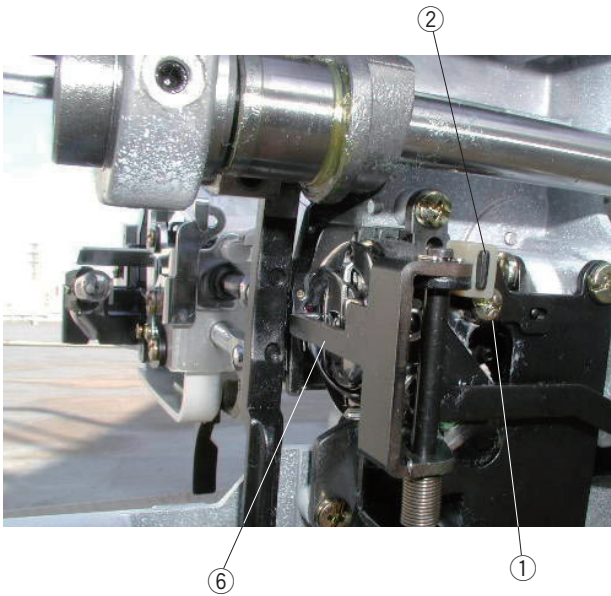


- 6 Tighten the setscrews ⑥ firmly. Attach the gear cover ② and secure it with the setscrews ①. Attach the base.



5. Thread Drawing Lever

- 1 Remove the base.
- 2 Loosen the setscrew ① and free the stopper ②.
- 3 Turn the the handwheel toward you to raise the needle bar from the lowest position until the needle point is 10.5 mm above the upper surface of the needle plate.
- 4 Push the solenoid disk ③ fully to swing the thread drawing lever ④.
Loosen the setscrew ⑤ and move the thread drawing arm ⑥ to the left or right so that the tip of the thread drawing lever ④ lightly contacts with the bobbin.
- 5 Tighten the setscrew ⑤.
- 6 Restore the stopper ② and press it against the thread drawing lever ④, while pushing the solenoid disk ③. Tighten the setscrew ① firmly.
- 7 Attach the base.



6. Auto Tension Release

- 1 Turn the handwheel toward you to raise the needle bar until the needle point is just above the needle plate.

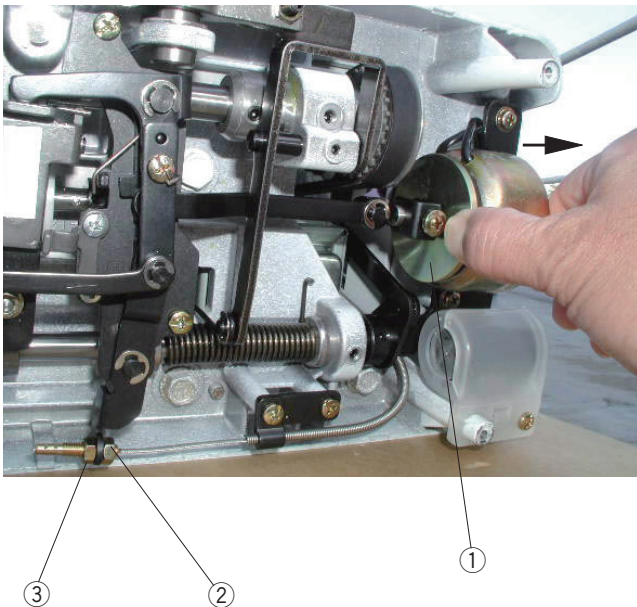
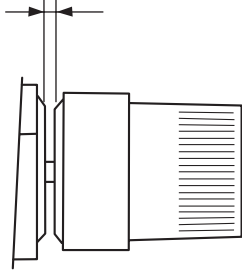
Set the tension dial at 4 and push the solenoid disk ① fully to the right. The tension disks should open 0.5 to 1 mm.

- 3 Loosen the lock nut ② and turn the adjusting nut ③ to adjust the gap between the tension disks.

- If the gap is too wide, turn the adjusting nut counterclockwise.
- If the gap is too narrow, turn the adjusting nut clockwise.

- 4 Tighten the lock nut ②.

0.5 to 1.0mm



Thread Cutter Troubleshooting

The needle thread is not cut.	The static cutter is dull.	Replace or grind the static cutter blade.
	The static cutter blade is out of position.	Adjust the position of the static cutter blade position (see page 24).
	Skipped stitch before thread cutting.	Reduce the check spring stroke (see page 9). Adjust the needle to hook timing (see page 6).
The bobbin thread is not cut.	The thread cutter blade is out of position.	Adjust the stroke of the thread cutter blade position (see page 22).
	The thread guide plate is out of position.	Adjust the position of the thread guide plate position (see page 23).
The thread slips out the needle eye when starting sewing.	The needle to cutter cam timing is too late.	Adjust the needle to cutter cam timing (see page 25).
	The thread drawing lever is out of position.	Adjust the thread drawing lever position (see page 26).
The needle thread bunches up on the wrong side of the fabric at the beginning of the seam.	A too long tail of the needle thread is left after thread cutting.	Adjust the needle to cutter cam timing (see page 25). Adjust the position of the static cutter blade position (see page 24).
The tail of the needle thread appears on the right side of the fabric.	The pre-tension is too loose.	Tighten the pre-tension.
	The needle to cutter cam timing is too late.	Adjust the needle to cutter cam timing (see page 25).
	The static cutter blade is out of position.	Adjust the position of the static cutter blade position (see page 24).
Skipped stitches at the beginning of the seam due to a too short tail of the thread after thread cutting.	The auto tension release is not enough.	Adjust the auto tension release (see page 27).
	The needle to cutter cam timing is too early.	Adjust the needle to cutter cam timing (see page 25).
	The thread drawing lever is out of position.	Adjust the thread drawing lever position (see page 26).
	The static cutter blade is out of position.	Adjust the static cutter blade position (see page 24).